

KONU FOOD & FESTIVALS

What do you know about festivals?

- Festivals bring people together.
- Festivals help us to keep connection with our roots, origin, etc.
- At the time of a festival, positivity all around.
- All festivals are related to happiness, peace and harmony.

TYPES OF THE FESTIVALS

Religious Festivals: They are related to religion.

National Festivals: are celebrated everywhere in the nation.

Season Festivals: are celebrated every season.

Food and Cookery Festivals: features a variety of food for tasting.

EXAMPLES OF FESTIVALS ALL AROUND THE WORLD

- Diwali – India’s Religious Festival
- Winterlude – Canada’s Seasonal Festival
- Pingxi Sky Lantern Festival – Taiwan’s New Year
- Chinese New Year – China’s New Year

THE PASSIVE

We form “the passive” with the verb to be in the appropriate tense and the past participle of the main verb.

We use “the passive”

- when the person who carries out the action is unknown, unimportant or obvious from the context.

The arrival of the new year is celebrated.

- Football is liked all around the World.
- Switzerland is known for its chocolate.

SEQUENCE ADVERBS

Sequence Adverbs are used to



describe a series of events in relation with another and the order in which they occurred or to describe a procedure. You can start the description using: First, continue with Then, next and conclude with Finally. These adverbs are usually placed at the beginning of a sentence.

Example:

ANTALYA SANDLAND FESTIVAL IMAGINATION THROUGH SAND

First, the date for the festival is announced. Then, an area on the beach is provided for the sculptors. Next, sand sculptures are made. Finally, the area is visited by people.

COMMON EXPRESSIONS RELATED TO CELEBRATION AND FESTIVAL PROCESSES

- **Best wishes messages are sent.:** İyi dilek mesajları gönderilir.
- **Gifts are given or exchanged.:** Hediyeler alınıp verilir.
- **Poems are recited.:** Şiirler okunur.
- **Relatives, friends are visited.:** Akrabalar ve arkadaşlar ziyaret edilir.
- **Special meals are cooked.:** Özel yemekler hazırlanır.
- **Homes, buildings and streets are**

decorated.: Evler, binalar, caddeler süslenir.

➤ **Fireworks are launched.:** Havai fişek gösterileri yapılır.

➤ **Special costumes are worn.:** Özel kıyafetler giyilir.

QUESTION TYPES

➤ **Questions asking time:** When is it celebrated?

When does it take place?

➤ **Questions asking feelings & opinions:** How does it impact people?

What are the general impressions?

➤ **Questions asking events & activities:** What are the main events & activities?

What happens during the day / festival?

➤ **Questions asking about preparations:** How do people prepare for it?

What do the preparations include?

➤ **Questions asking for purposes:** Why is it special?

Why is it celebrated?

What makes it important?

SORULAR:

1. When is the Republic Day in Turkey?
2. What are the main activities of Republic Day?
3. What are the preparations for Republic Day?
4. Aşağıdaki cümleleri anlamlı bir bütün oluşturacak şekilde sıralayınız.
 - I. First, preheat the oven to 200°C.
 - II. Scrub potatoes with a brush and use a fork to pierce potatoes in about six places.
 - III. It is quite easy to make jacket potatoes, and it is very delicious.
 - IV. Later, add some salt and pepper.
 - V. Bake them for about fifty minutes. Next, cut a deep cross on top of each potato.
 - VI. Finally, top them with cheese and serve.

- A) VI - IV - I - III - II - V
B) II - IV - I - V - VI - III
C) III - I - V - VI - IV - II
D) I - III - IV - VI - V - II
E) III - I - II - V - IV - VI

CEVAP: E

5. Tablodaki kelimeleri anlamlı bir edilgen cümle haline getirdiğimizde hangi kelime yer almaz.

on	recited	by	poems
I	II	III	IV
Children’s Day	with	are	the children
V	VI	VII	VIII

- A) I B) III C) IV D) VI E) VII

CEVAP: D (Poems are recited by the children on Children’s Day.)